system rapidly. This is the purpose of Bryo-da which contains Reduced fron, the form in which Iron is most easily absorbed into the human system. Reduced Iron, when absorbed into the system, appears as a component in he Red Cells of the Blood—that all important strength bearing fluid that lows through every muscle, organ, tissue and bone carrying in it the elements necessary to replace those worn out by overwork, worry and disease. A person, either adult or child, without sufficient Iron in their Blood, becomes pale and listless, lacks energy and endurance—is usually under their proper weight, las a poor appetite and feels tired all the time. Dizziness and lighteneaddness are often symptoms of lack of sufficient blood. Young girls just naturing, children who are 'out-growing their strength' must have rich blood plood with Iron in it; and a good healthy appetite for food that will build ip their strength and supply the necessary materials for their nerves, muscles and bones. * * * helps to build up wasted tissues. * * * Pregnant vomen have a heavy drain on their systems, as they must supply blood and one tissue nourishment to their unborn child. New mothers are often exnausted after child-birth and need a suitable nonalcoholic tonic to rebuild heir strength. Bryo-da supplies all the elements most needed in the human wstem * * * As the conditions for which Bryo-da is recommended are isually of slow development, it must not be expected that immediate improvenent will follow the first doses, but within a few days an increase of appetite vill be noted—which is an indication that the treatment is beginning to take ffect. Bryo-da should be taken regularly every day—two Pills before each neal (three times a day) without fail, * * * Children must be given one fill at a dose, if they resent taking the regular doses. The treatment should e continued for at least a month—and longer if possible * * * the improved condition of the user."

On February 7, 1934, no claimant having appeared for the property, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the ourt that the product be destroyed by the United States marshal:

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

1982. Misbranding of Gep Quai Yok Due. U. S. v. 240 Pint Size and 120 Quart Size Bottles of Gep Quai Yok Due. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be relabeled. (F. & D. no. 31664. Sample no. 23465-A.)

Examination of the drug preparation involved in this case disclosed that it ontained no ingredient or combination of ingredients capable of producing cerain curative and therapeutic effects claimed in the labeling. Analysis of the rticle showed that it contained more alcohol than was declared on the label. On December 5, 1933, the United States attorney for the Western District of Vashington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the istrict court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 240 pint bottles and 20 quart bottles of Gep Quai Yok Due, at Seattle, Wash., alleging that the rticle had been shipped by the Herry Co., from San Francisco, Calif., on r about November 14, 1933, and charging misbranding in violation of the Food nd Drugs Act as amended. The article was labeled in part: "Gep Quai Yok

Due * * * Prepared by Louie Chong Dai Chinese Herb Co., * * rancisco, Calif."

Analysis of a sample of the article by this Department showed that it conisted essentially of a small proportion of material of plant or animal origin, label (20.5 percent by relume), sugar, and water

lcohol (29.5 percent by volume), sugar, and water.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was misbranded in that the statelent on the label, "Twenty Five Percent Alcohol by Volume", was false and lisleading, since the article contained more than 25 percent of alcohol. Misranding was alleged for the further reason that the statement on the label, egarding the curative or therapeutic effect of the article, "For Rheumatism", has false and fraudulent.

On January 6. 1934, the Fung Yuen Co., Seattle, Wash., claimant, having dmitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a ecree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was redered by the court that the product be released to the claimant upon payment f costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$200, conditioned in part that the relabeled under the supervision of this Department.

M. L. Wilson. Acting Secretary of Agriculture.